

material placement head 36 in a pre-programmed route over the structure 24, and may also include optimization routines for optimizing the head movement. The software programs 114 may also include programmed instructions for determining the length of tape 20 to be dispensed and the timing of when to cut the tape 20. The computer may further include programmed instructions for calculating the placement and the number of strips 26 of tape 20 required to cover structure 24 within the outer boundaries 25, which may be based on use of tape 20 having a specific width "W" (FIG. 1).

Operator input/output controls 118 may allow an operator to program the computer 110 and alter the software programs 114 as required. Data such as part numbers and other information relating to the structure 24 or the operation of the material placement head 36 may be stored in a memory 116. Also, the memory 116 can be used to store the outer boundaries 25 (FIGS. 1 and 2) of an application area 22 on the structure 24 for a particular part number, as well as the programmed path that the material placement head 36 uses to travel in order to cover the application area 22 with strips 26 of the tape 20. Sensors 112 may be provided which provide signals to the computer 110 relating to the sensed position of the robotic device 38 as well as the status of functions carried out by the material placement head 36.

FIG. 17 illustrates the overall steps of a method for installing damping material on a structure. As shown at step 120, the material placement head 36 is moved over the structure 24. The material placement head 36 is used to place damping material, such as the tape 20, on the structure 24 as the material placement head 36 moves over the structure 24, as shown at step 122.

FIG. 18 illustrates additional details of the method broadly shown in FIG. 17. Beginning at step 124, the outer boundaries 25 of an application area 22 on the structure 24 are determined, which will normally be established in digital form. Next, at step 126, the number and placement of strips 26 of tape 20 required to cover the application area 22 within the outer boundaries 25 may be calculated by the computer 110, which may be based on use of a tape 20 having a specific width "CW" (FIG. 1). At step 128, the computer 110 (FIG. 16) is programmed to control the movements of the material placement head 36, based on the number and placement of the strips 26 of tape 20 calculated at step 126. At step 130, a spool 54 of tape 20 is loaded onto the material placement head 36.

At step 132, tape 20 is dispensed from the spool 54 and the material placement head 36 is moved along a path that has been programmed in the computer 110 at step 128. As the tape 20 is being dispensed from the spool 54, the lower backing 30b is separated and accumulated on the take-up spool 70, as shown at step 134. As the tape 20 is being dispensed and fed to the compaction roller 48, the tape 20 is compacted against the structure 24, as shown at step 136. At step 138, the tape 20 being placed is cut to length for each strip in strips 26.

Embodiments of the disclosure may find use in a variety of potential applications, particularly in the transportation industry, including for example, aerospace, marine and automotive applications. Thus, referring now to FIGS. 19 and 20, embodiments of the disclosure may be used in the context of an aircraft manufacturing and service method 150 as shown in FIG. 19 and an aircraft 152 as shown in FIG. 20. During pre-production, manufacturing and service method 150 may include specification and design 154 of the aircraft 152 and material procurement 156 in which the disclosed method may be specified for use in applying damping materials on components. During production, component and subassembly manufacturing 158 and system integration 160 of the aircraft 152 takes place. The disclosed method and apparatus may be

used to place damping materials on components that are later assembled and integrated with other subassemblies. Thereafter, the aircraft 152 may go through certification and delivery 162 in order to be placed in service 164. While in service by a customer, the aircraft 152 is scheduled for routine maintenance and service 166 (which may also include modification, reconfiguration, refurbishment, and so on). Components having damping material applied thereto according to the disclosed embodiments may be used to replace components on the aircraft 152 during the maintenance and service 166.

Each of the processes of manufacturing and service method 150 may be performed or carried out by a system integrator, a third party, and/or an operator (e.g., a customer). For the purposes of this description, a system integrator may include without limitation any number of aircraft manufacturers and major-system subcontractors; a third party may include, without limitation, any number of vendors, subcontractors, and suppliers; and an operator may be an airline, leasing company, military entity, service organization, and so on.

As shown in FIG. 20, the aircraft 152 produced by manufacturing and service method 150 may include an airframe 168 with a plurality of systems 170 and an interior 172. Examples of high-level systems 170 include one or more of a propulsion system 174, an electrical system 176, a hydraulic system 178, and an environmental system 180. Any number of other systems may be included. Although an aerospace example is shown, the principles of the disclosure may be applied to other industries, such as the marine and automotive industries.

Systems and methods embodied herein may be employed during any one or more of the stages of the manufacturing and service method 150. For example, components or subassemblies corresponding to manufacturing and service method 150 may be fabricated or manufactured in a manner similar to components or subassemblies produced while the aircraft 152 is in service. Also, one or more apparatus embodiments, method embodiments, or a combination thereof may be utilized during the component and subassembly manufacturing 158 and system integration 160, for example, by substantially expediting assembly of or reducing the cost of an aircraft 152. Similarly, one or more of apparatus embodiments, method embodiments, or a combination thereof may be utilized while the aircraft 152 is in service, for example and without limitation, to maintenance and service 166.

Although the embodiments of this disclosure have been described with respect to certain exemplary embodiments, it is to be understood that the specific embodiments are for purposes of illustration and not limitation, as other variations will occur to those of skill in the art.

What is claimed is:

1. An apparatus for placing damping material on a structure, comprising:
  - a tape holder configured to hold the damping material, the damping material comprising a tape having continuously adhesive surfaces on both sides of the tape and, prior to placement on the structure, the tape includes a first backing on a first side of the tape and a second backing on a second side of the tape;
  - a first take-up roll disposed to one side of the tape as the tape is dispensed from the tape holder, the first take-up roll configured to receive the first backing as the first backing is removed from the tape during placement;
  - a second take-up roll disposed to an opposite side of the tape relative to the one side as the tape is dispensed from the tape holder, the second take-up roll configured to